

Tema 3. Convoluciones continuas y discretas

Ejemplos de cálculo gráfico

Ingeniería de Telecomunicación

Universidad de Valladolid

- 1 **Convoluciones discretas**
 - Definición y Propiedades
 - Ejemplos

- 2 **Convoluciones continuas**
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Definición

$$y[n] = x[n] * h[n] = \sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} x[k]h[n - k]$$

Propiedades

- Elemento neutro: $x[n] * \delta[n] = x[n]$
- Conmutativa: $x[n] * h[n] = h[n] * x[n]$
- Asociativa:
 $x[n] * (h_1[n] * h_2[n]) = (x[n] * h_1[n]) * h_2[n] = (x[n] * h_2[n]) * h_1[n] = x[n] * h_1[n] * h_2[n]$
- Distributiva: $x[n] * (h_1[n] + h_2[n]) = x[n] * h_1[n] + x[n] * h_2[n]$

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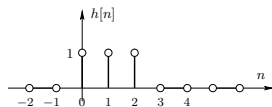
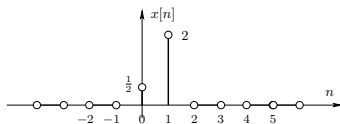
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$$x[n] = \frac{1}{2}\delta[n] + 2\delta[n-1]$$

$$h[n] = u[n] - u[n-3]$$

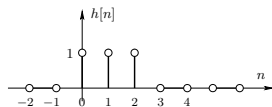
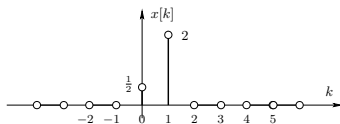


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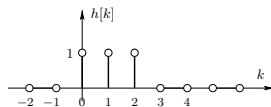
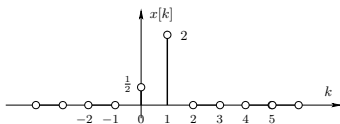


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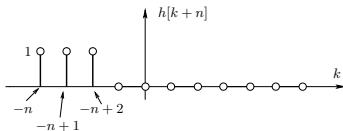
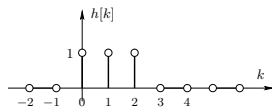
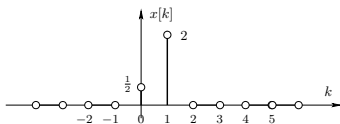
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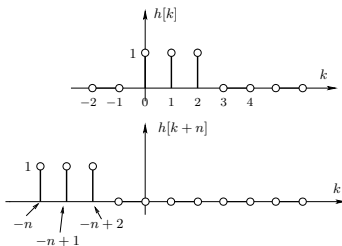
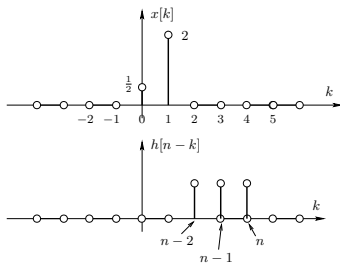


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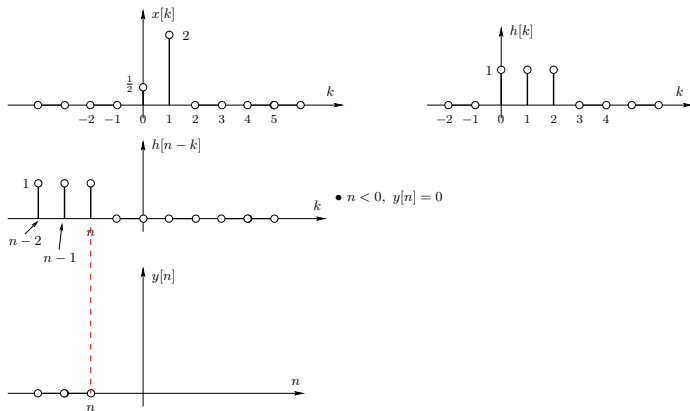


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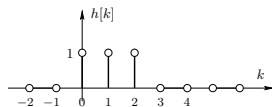
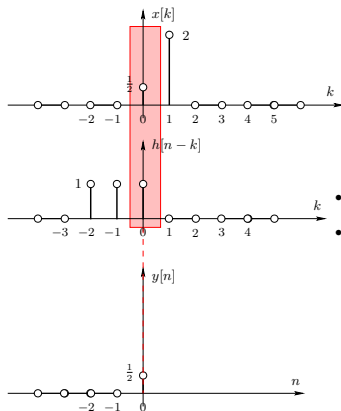


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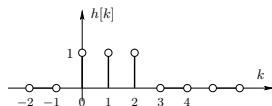
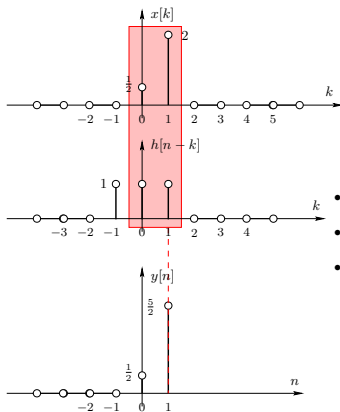
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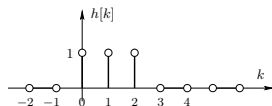
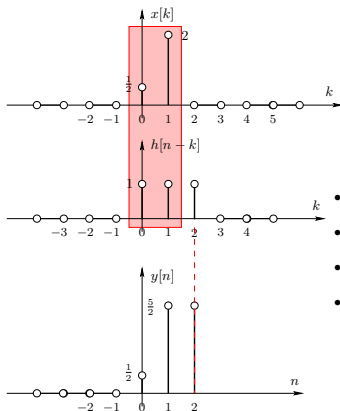
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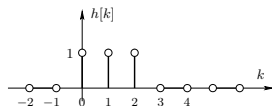
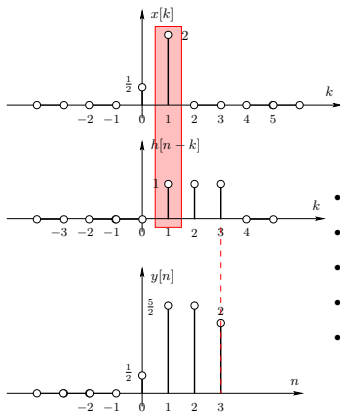
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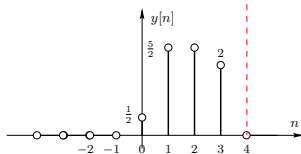
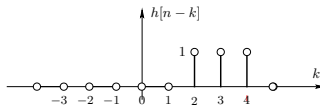
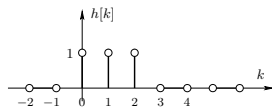
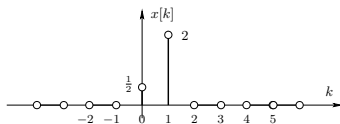
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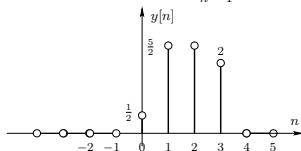
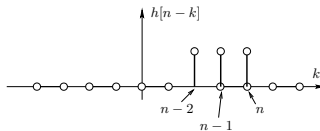
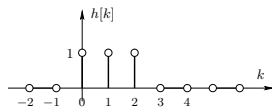
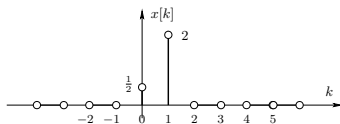
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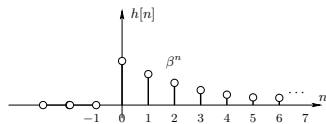
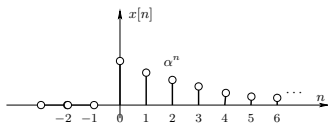
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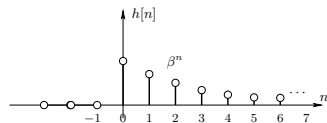
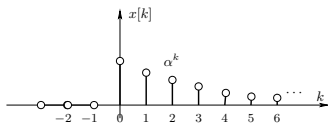
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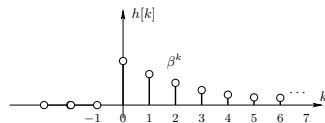
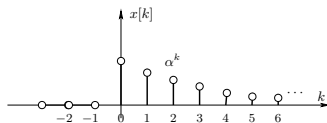


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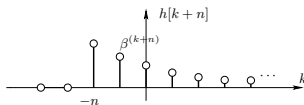
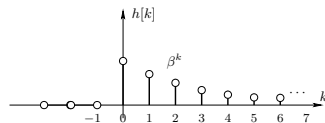
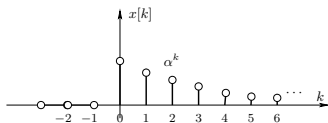
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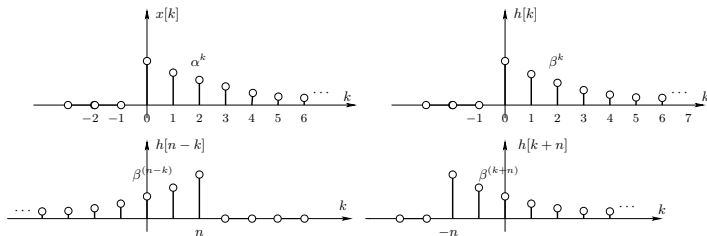
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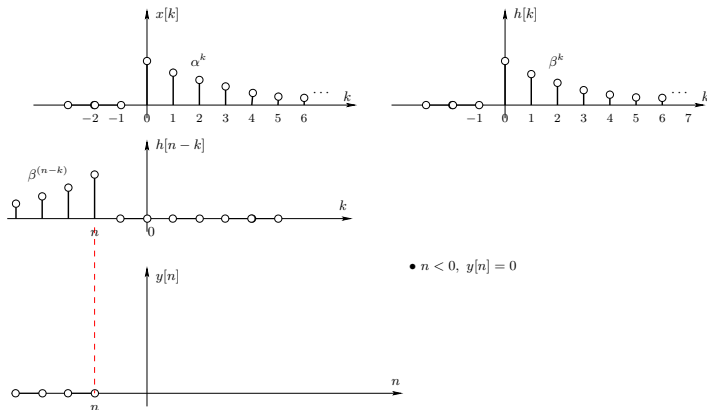
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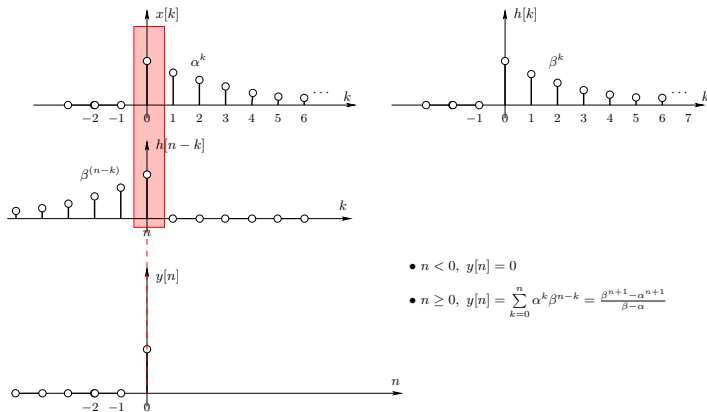


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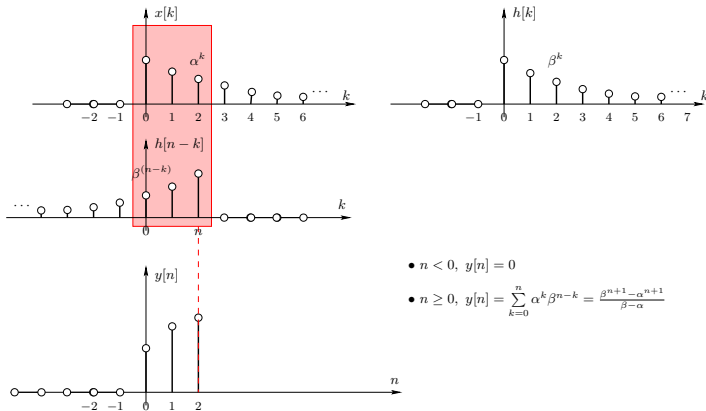
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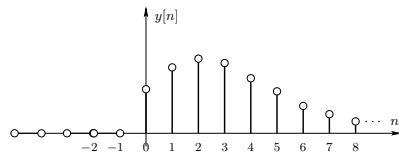
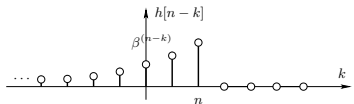
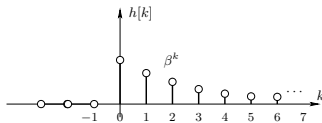
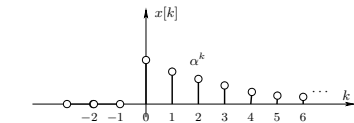
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$$= \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \alpha^k u[k] \beta^{n-k} u[n-k] = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \alpha^k \beta^{n-k} u[n-k].$$



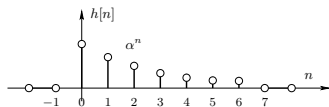
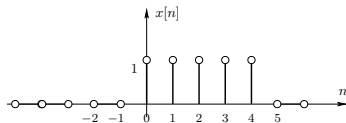
- $n < 0, y[n] = 0$
- $n \geq 0, y[n] = \sum_{k=0}^n \alpha^k \beta^{n-k} = \frac{\beta^{n+1} - \alpha^{n+1}}{\beta - \alpha}$

$$y[n] = \frac{\beta^{n+1} - \alpha^{n+1}}{\beta - \alpha} u[n]$$

Ejemplo 3

$$x[n] = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \leq n \leq 4 \\ 0, & \text{resto} \end{cases}, \quad h[n] = \begin{cases} \alpha^n, & 0 \leq n \leq 6 \\ 0, & \text{resto} \end{cases}$$

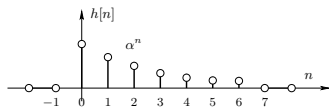
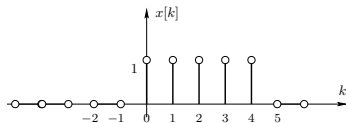
$$y[n] = x[n] * h[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x[k]h[n-k]$$



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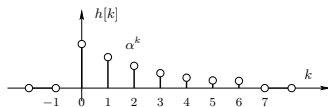
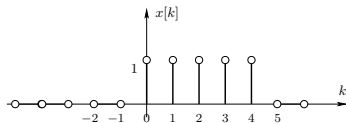
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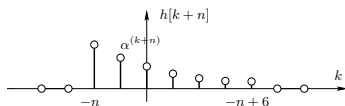
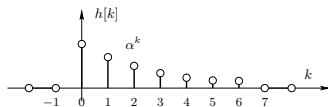
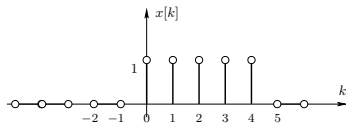
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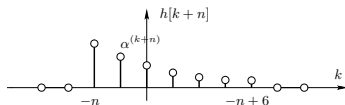
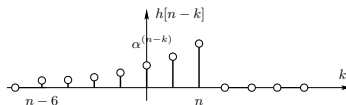
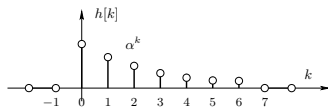
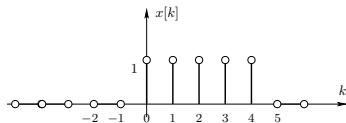
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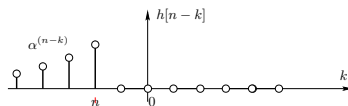
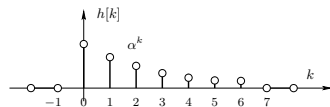
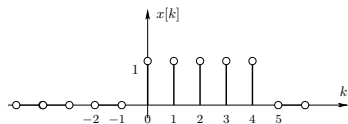
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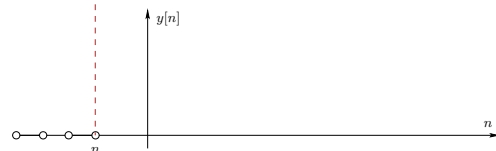
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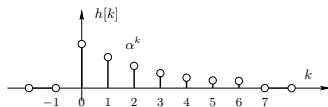
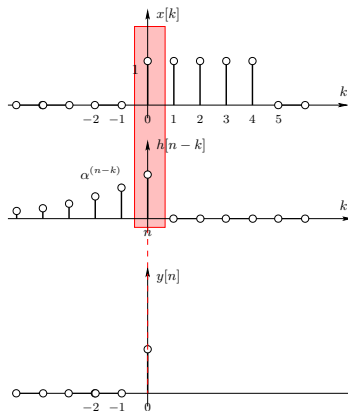
• $n < 0, y[n] = 0$



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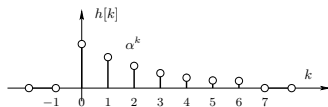
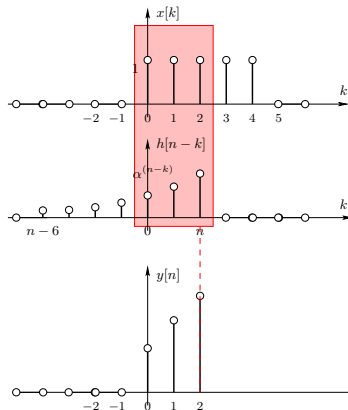


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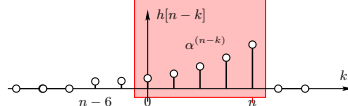
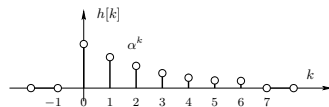
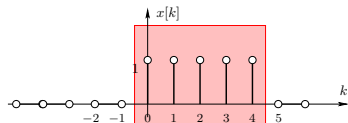


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Ejemplo 3

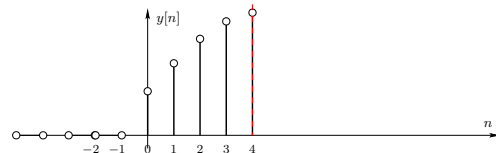
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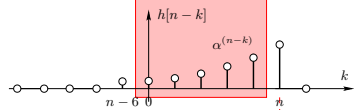
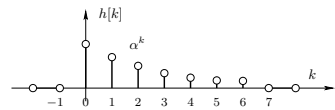
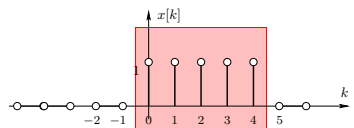
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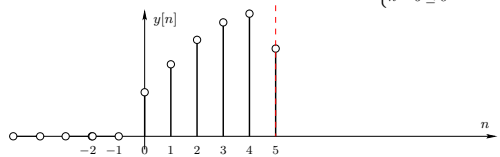
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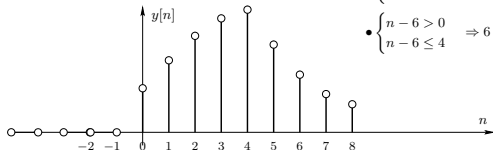
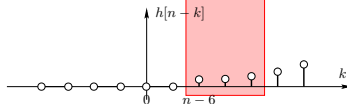
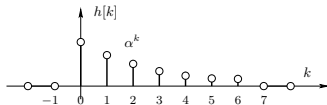
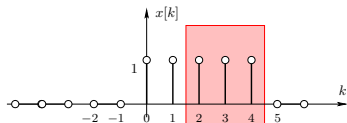
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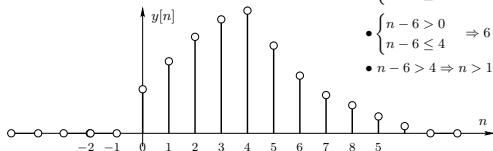
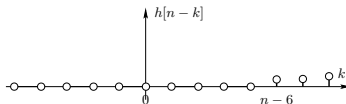
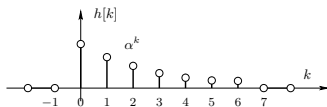
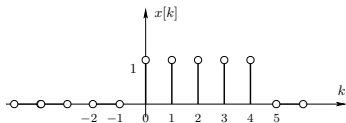


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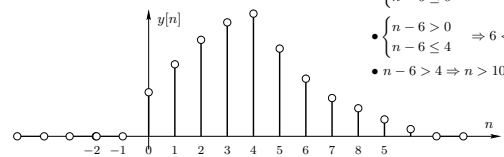
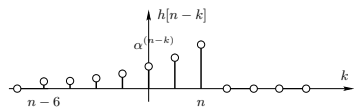
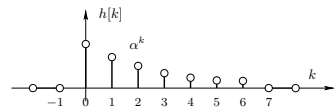
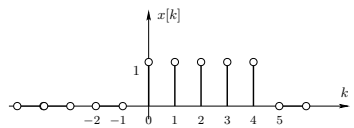


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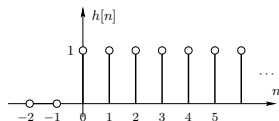
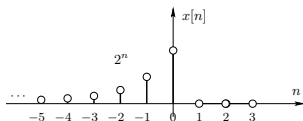


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Ejemplo 4

$$x[n] = 2^n u[-n]$$

$$h[n] = u[n]$$

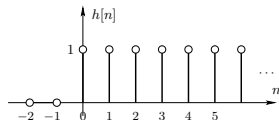
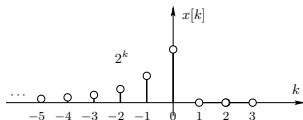


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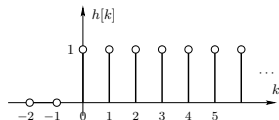
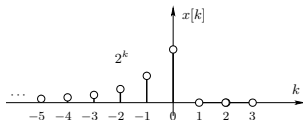


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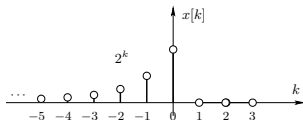


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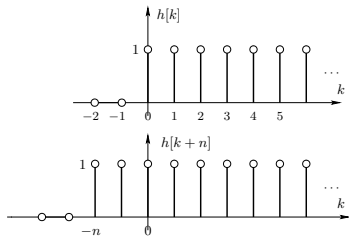
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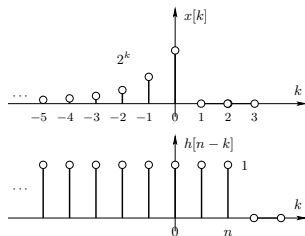
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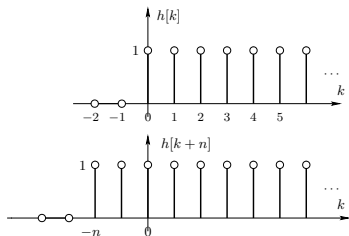
Ejemplo 4

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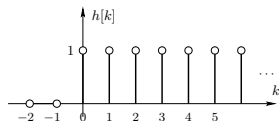
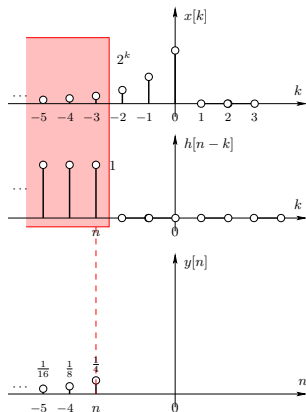


Ejemplo 4

$$x[n] = 2^n u[-n]$$

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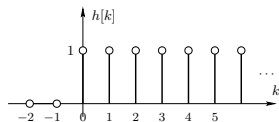
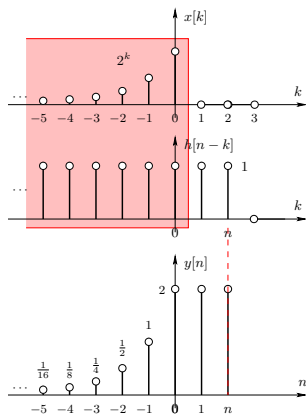
- $n < 0, y[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^n 2^k = 2^{n+1}$

Ejemplo 4

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$$y[n] = x[n] * h[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x[k]h[n-k]$$



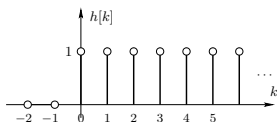
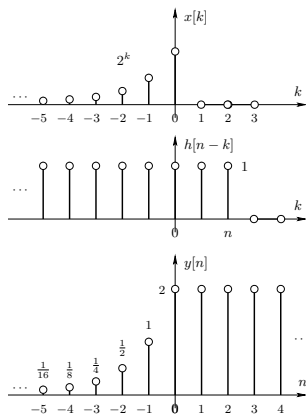
- $n < 0$, $y[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^n 2^k = 2^{n+1}$
- $n \geq 0$, $y[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^0 2^k = 2$

Ejemplo 4

$$x[n] = 2^n u[-n]$$

$$h[n] = u[n]$$

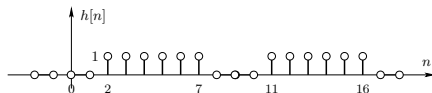
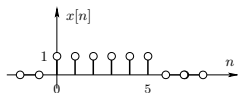
$$y[n] = x[n] * h[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x[k]h[n-k]$$



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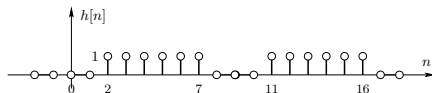
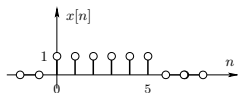
Ejemplo 5

$$x[n] = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \leq n \leq 5 \\ 0, & \text{resto} \end{cases}, \quad h[n] = \begin{cases} 1, & 2 \leq n \leq 7, 11 \leq n \leq 16 \\ 0, & \text{resto} \end{cases}$$



Ejemplo 5

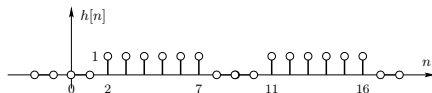
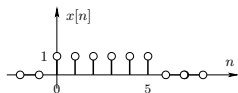
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$$y[n] = x[n] * h[n] = h[n] * x[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} h[k]x[n-k]$$

Ejemplo 5

$$x[n] = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \leq n \leq 5 \\ 0, & \text{resto} \end{cases}, \quad h[n] = \begin{cases} 1, & 2 \leq n \leq 7, 11 \leq n \leq 16 \\ 0, & \text{resto} \end{cases}$$

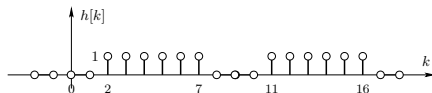
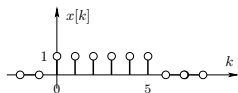


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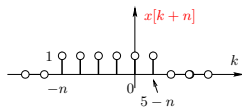
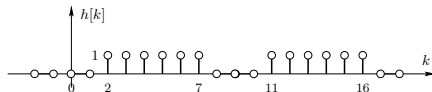
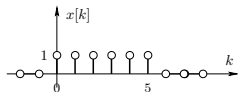
Ejemplo 5

$$x[n] = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \leq n \leq 5 \\ 0, & \text{resto} \end{cases}, \quad h[n] = \begin{cases} 1, & 2 \leq n \leq 7, 11 \leq n \leq 16 \\ 0, & \text{resto} \end{cases}$$



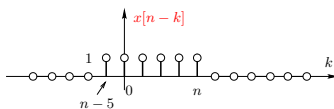
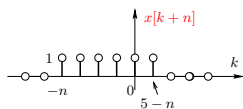
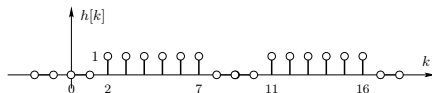
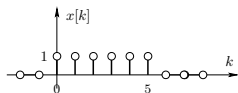
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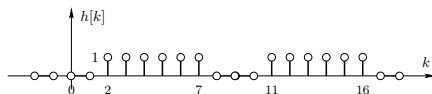
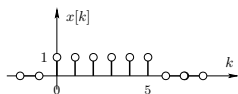
Ejemplo 5

$$x[n] = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \leq n \leq 5 \\ 0, & \text{resto} \end{cases}, \quad h[n] = \begin{cases} 1, & 2 \leq n \leq 7, 11 \leq n \leq 16 \\ 0, & \text{resto} \end{cases}$$

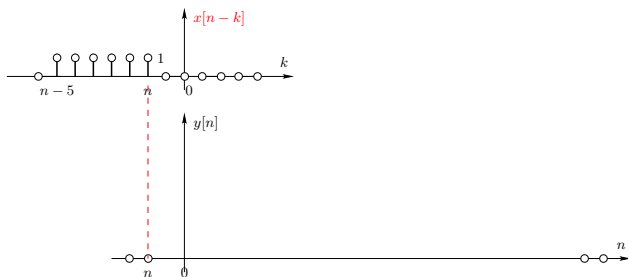


Ejemplo 5

$$x[n] = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \leq n \leq 5 \\ 0, & \text{resto} \end{cases}, \quad h[n] = \begin{cases} 1, & 2 \leq n \leq 7, 11 \leq n \leq 16 \\ 0, & \text{resto} \end{cases}$$

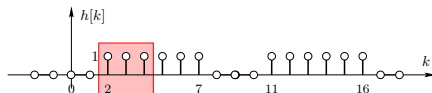
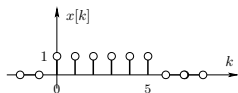


- $n < 2, y[n] = 0$

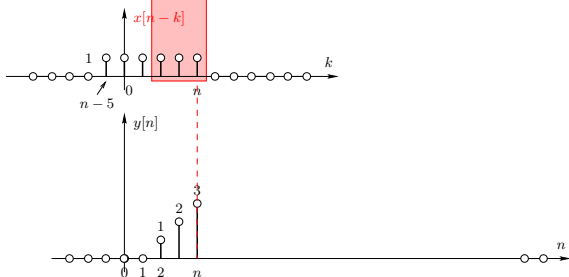


Ejemplo 5

$$x[n] = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \leq n \leq 5 \\ 0, & \text{resto} \end{cases}, \quad h[n] = \begin{cases} 1, & 2 \leq n \leq 7, 11 \leq n \leq 16 \\ 0, & \text{resto} \end{cases}$$

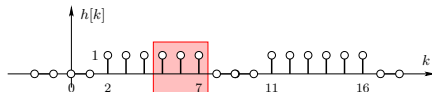
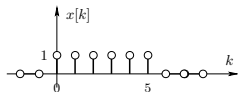


- $n < 2, y[n] = 0$
- $2 \leq n \leq 7, y[n] = \sum_{k=2}^n 1 = n - 1$

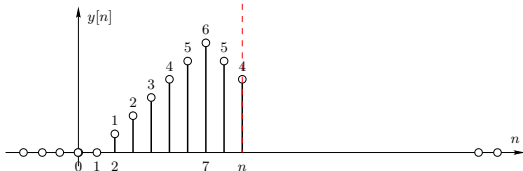


Ejemplo 5

$$x[n] = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \leq n \leq 5 \\ 0, & \text{resto} \end{cases}, \quad h[n] = \begin{cases} 1, & 2 \leq n \leq 7, 11 \leq n \leq 16 \\ 0, & \text{resto} \end{cases}$$

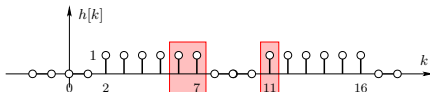
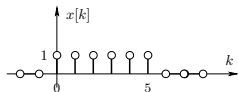


- $n < 2, y[n] = 0$
- $2 \leq n \leq 7, y[n] = \sum_{k=2}^n 1 = n - 1$
- $8 \leq n \leq 10, y[n] = \sum_{k=n-5}^7 1 = 13 - n$

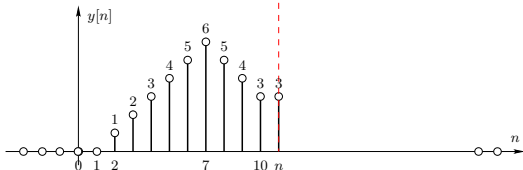
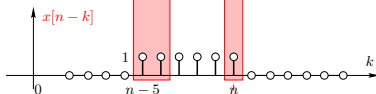


Ejemplo 5

$$x[n] = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \leq n \leq 5 \\ 0, & \text{resto} \end{cases}, \quad h[n] = \begin{cases} 1, & 2 \leq n \leq 7, 11 \leq n \leq 16 \\ 0, & \text{resto} \end{cases}$$

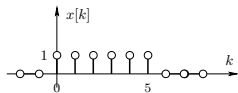


- $n < 2, y[n] = 0$
- $2 \leq n \leq 7, y[n] = \sum_{k=2}^n 1 = n - 1$
- $8 \leq n \leq 10, y[n] = \sum_{k=n-5}^7 1 = 13 - n$
- $11 \leq n \leq 12, y[n] = 3$

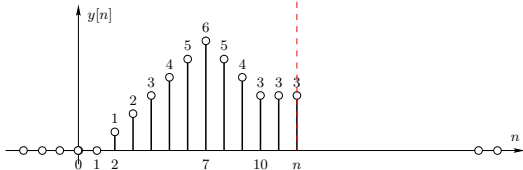
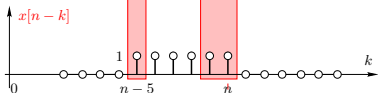


Ejemplo 5

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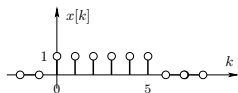


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- $11 \leq n \leq 12, y[n] = 3$

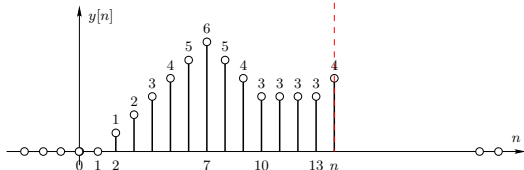
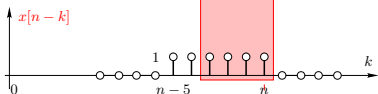


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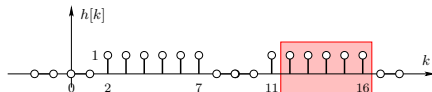
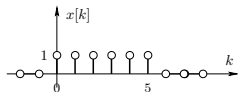


- $n < 2, y[n] = 0$
- $2 \leq n \leq 7, y[n] = \sum_{k=2}^n 1 = n - 1$
- $8 \leq n \leq 10, y[n] = \sum_{k=n-5}^7 1 = 13 - n$
- $11 \leq n \leq 12, y[n] = 3$
- $13 \leq n \leq 16, y[n] = \sum_{k=11}^n 1 = n - 10$

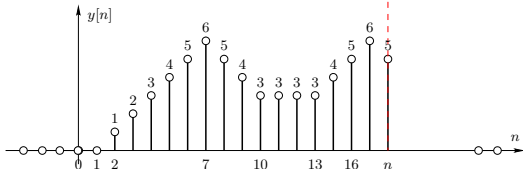
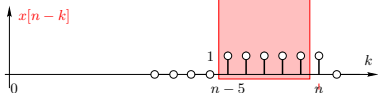


Ejemplo 5

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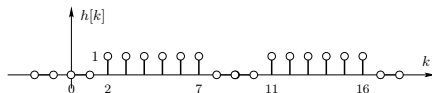
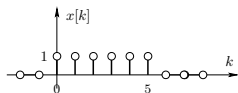


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- $11 \leq n \leq 12, y[n] = 3$
- $13 \leq n \leq 16, y[n] = \sum_{k=11}^n 1 = n - 10$
- $17 \leq n \leq 21, y[n] = \sum_{k=n-5}^{16} 1 = 22 - n$

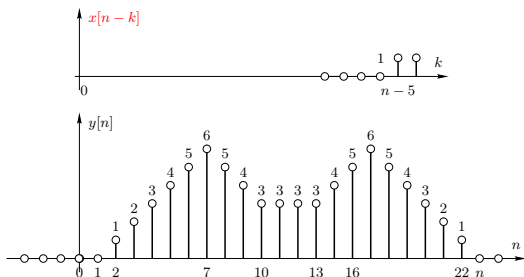


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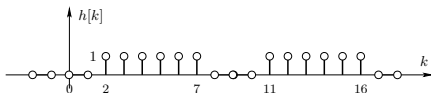
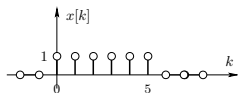


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- $11 \leq n \leq 12, y[n] = 3$
- $13 \leq n \leq 16, y[n] = \sum_{k=11}^n 1 = n - 10$
- $17 \leq n \leq 21, y[n] = \sum_{k=n-5}^{16} 1 = 22 - n$
- $n \geq 22, y[n] = 0$

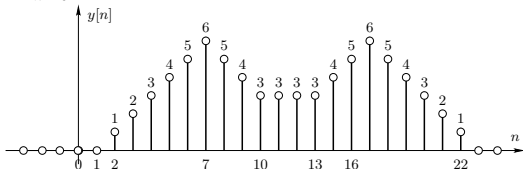
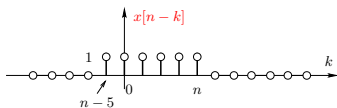


Ejemplo 5

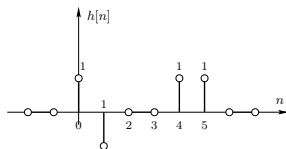
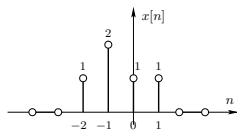
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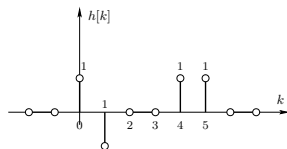
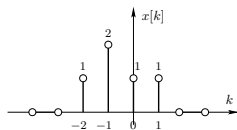
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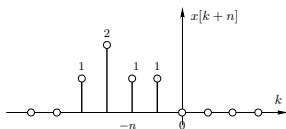
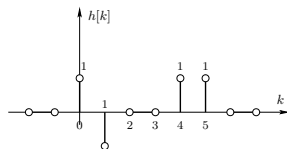
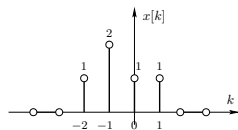
Ejemplo 6



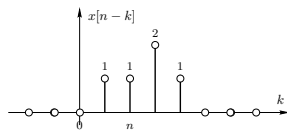
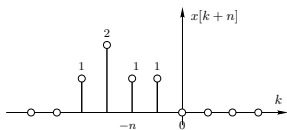
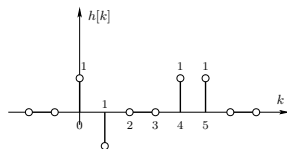
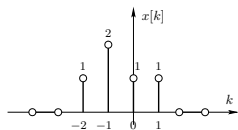
Ejemplo 6



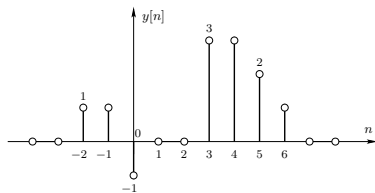
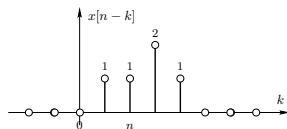
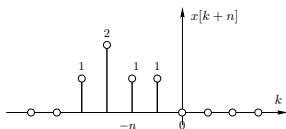
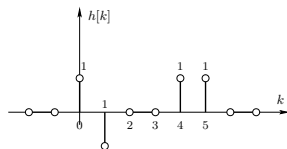
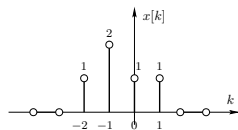
Ejemplo 6



Ejemplo 6



Ejemplo 6



- 1 Convoluciones discretas
 - Definición y Propiedades
 - Ejemplos
- 2 Convoluciones continuas
 - Definición y Propiedades
 - Ejemplos

Definición

$$y(t) = x(t) * h(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(\tau)h(t - \tau)d\tau$$

Propiedades

- Elemento neutro: $x(t) * \delta(t) = x(t)$
- Conmutativa: $x(t) * h(t) = h(t) * x(t)$
- Asociativa:

$$x(t) * [h_1(t) * h_2(t)] = [x(t) * h_1(t)] * h_2(t) = [x(t) * h_2(t)] * h_1(t)$$

- Distributiva: $x(t) * [h_1(t) + h_2(t)] = x(t) * h_1(t) + x(t) * h_2(t)$

Definición

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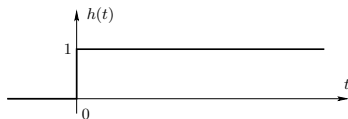
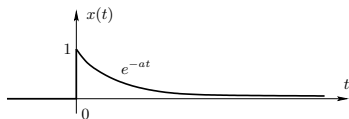
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$$x(t) = e^{-at}u(t), \quad a > 0$$

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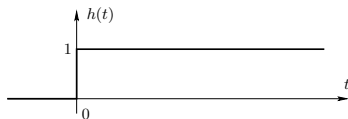
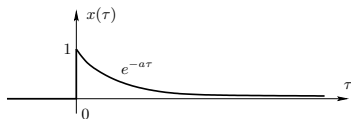


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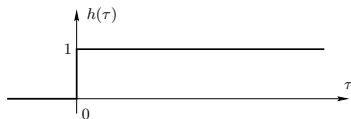
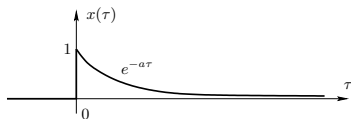


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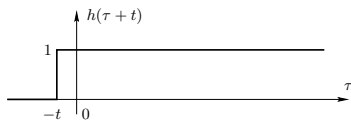
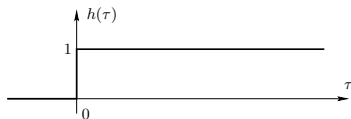
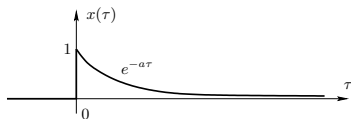


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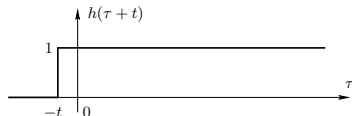
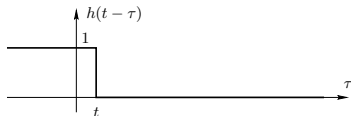
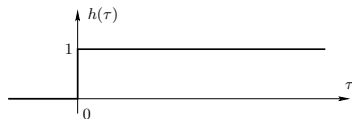
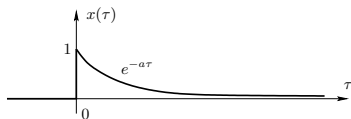


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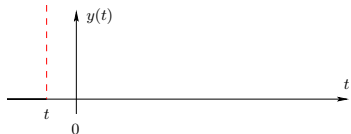
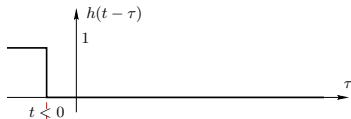
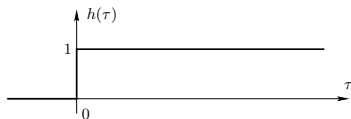
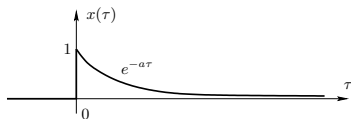


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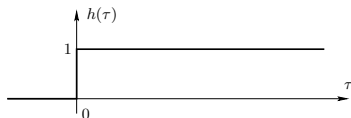
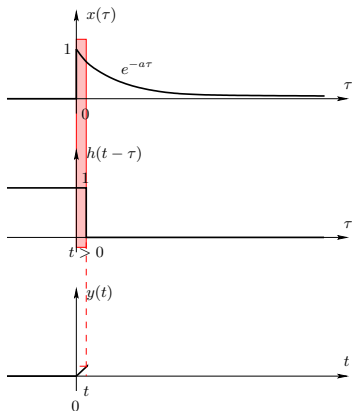
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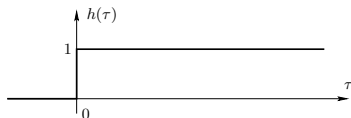
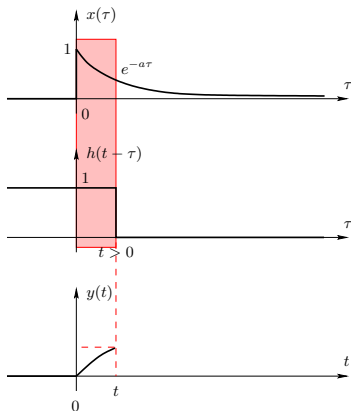
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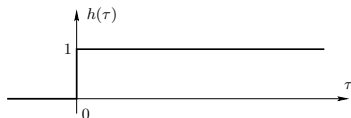
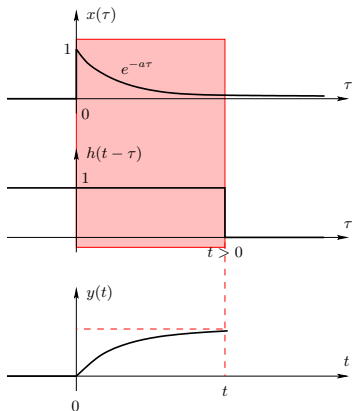
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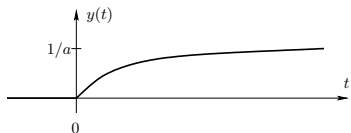
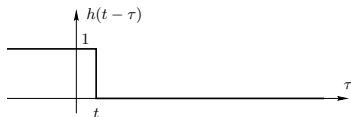
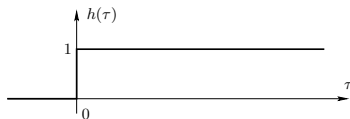
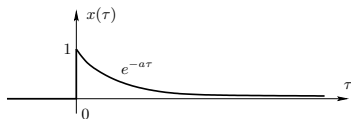
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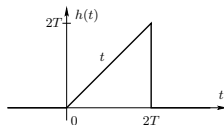
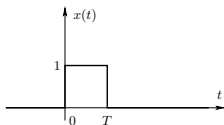


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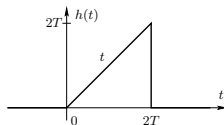
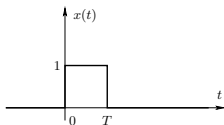
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$$x(t) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 < t < T \\ 0, & \text{resto} \end{cases}, \quad h(t) = \begin{cases} t, & 0 < t < T \\ 0, & \text{resto} \end{cases}$$



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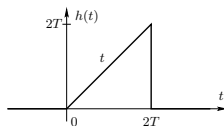
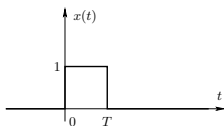
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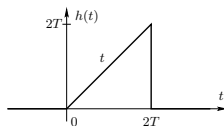
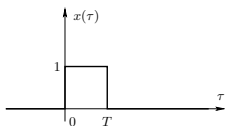


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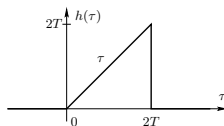
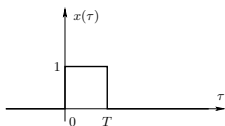


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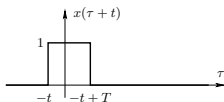
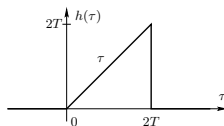
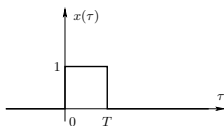


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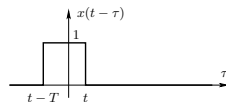
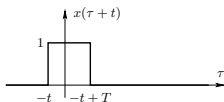
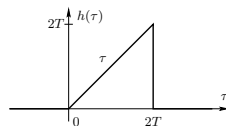
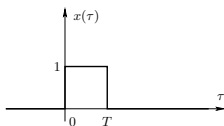


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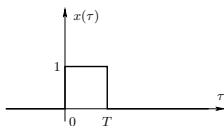


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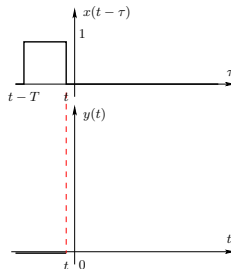
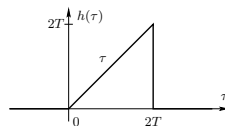
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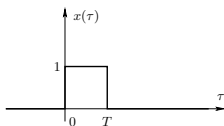


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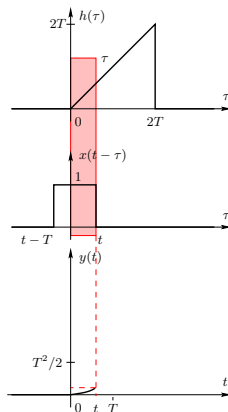


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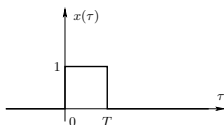


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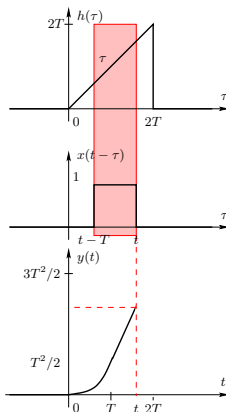


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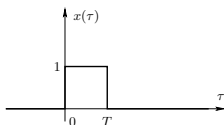


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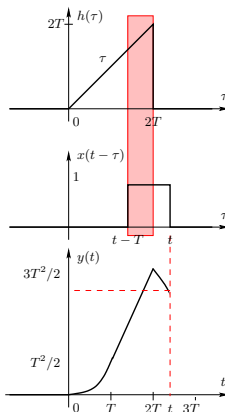


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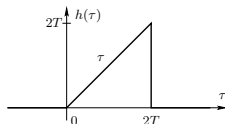
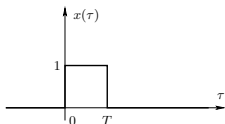


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- $\begin{cases} t > 2T, \\ t - T \leq 2T \end{cases} \Rightarrow 2T < t \leq 3T, y(t) = \int_{t-2T}^{2T} \tau d\tau = tT - \frac{1}{2}t^2 + \frac{3}{2}T^2$

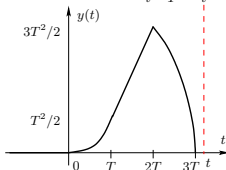
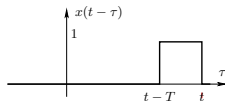


Ejemplo 2

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 < t < T \\ 0, & \text{resto} \end{cases}, \quad h(t) = \begin{cases} t, & 0 < t < T \\ 0, & \text{resto} \end{cases}$$

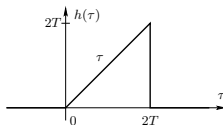
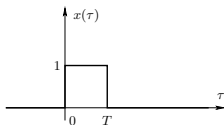


- $t \leq 0, y(t) = 0$
- $\begin{cases} t > 0 \\ t - T \leq 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow 0 < t \leq T, y(t) = \int_0^t \tau d\tau = \frac{t^2}{2}$
- $\begin{cases} t - T > 0, \\ t \leq 2T \end{cases} \Rightarrow T < t \leq 2T, y(t) = \int_{t-T}^t \tau d\tau = tT - \frac{1}{2}T^2$
- $\begin{cases} t > 2T, \\ t - T \leq 2T \end{cases} \Rightarrow 2T < t \leq 3T, y(t) = \int_{t-2T}^{2T} \tau d\tau = tT - \frac{1}{2}t^2 + \frac{3}{2}T^2$
- $t - T > 3T \rightarrow t > 3T, y(t) = 0$

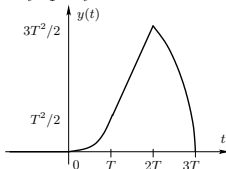
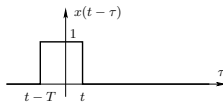


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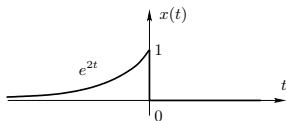
$$y(t) = \frac{t^2}{2}u(t) - \frac{1}{2}(t-T)^2u(t-T) + (2T^2 - \frac{1}{2}t^2)u(t-2T) + (\frac{1}{2}t^2 - tT - \frac{3}{2}T^2)u(t-3T)$$

Ejemplo 3

$$x(t) = e^{2t} u(-t)$$

$$h(t) = u(t - 3)$$

$$y(t) = x(t) * h(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(\tau) h(t - \tau) d\tau$$

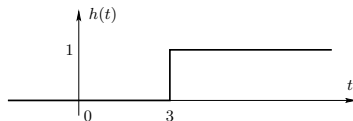
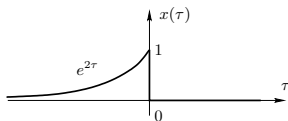


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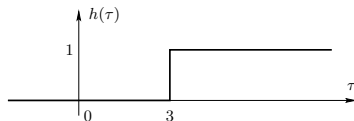
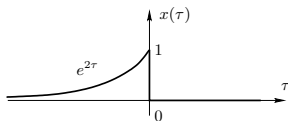


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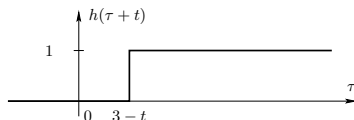
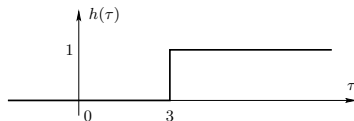
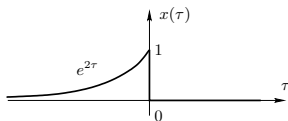


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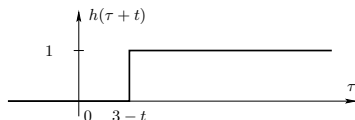
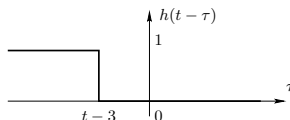
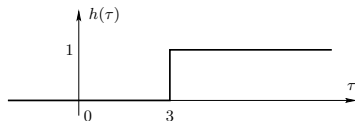
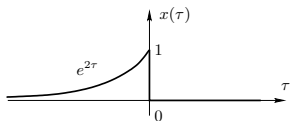


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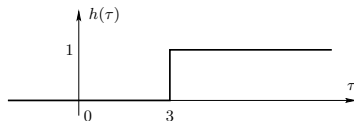
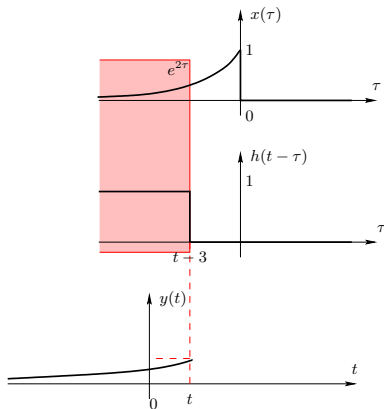


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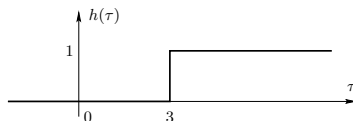
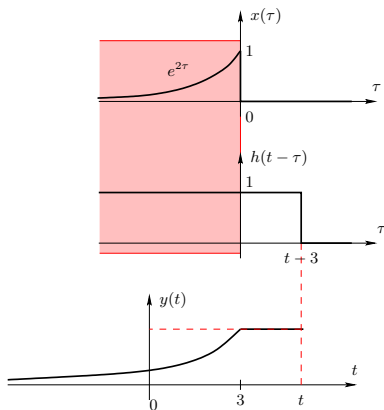
- $t - 3 < 0 \Rightarrow t < 3, y(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{t-3} e^{2\tau} d\tau = \frac{1}{2} e^{2(t-3)}$

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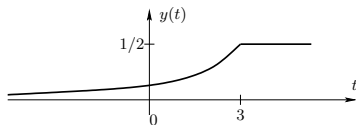
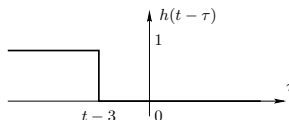
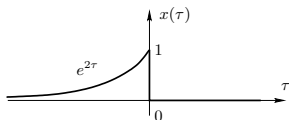
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$$y(t) = \frac{1}{2} e^{2(t-3)} + \frac{1}{2} [1 - e^{2(t-3)}] u(t - 3)$$